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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/784,227	02/13/2001	Scott Craig Koss	8371-123	2514
46404	7590 09/08/2005		EXAMINER	
	OHNSON & MCCOLI	SORRELL, ERON J		
210 SW MORRISON STREET, SUITE 400 PORTLAND, OR 97204			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2182	

DATE MAILED: 09/08/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

<del>)</del>						
•		Application No.	Applicant(s)			
Office Action Summary		09/784,227	KOSS, SCOTT CRAIG			
		Examiner	Art Unit			
		Eron J. Sorrell	2182			
Period f	The MAILING DATE of this communication a or Reply	ppears on the cover sheet wit	n the correspondence address			
WHI - Exte afte - If No - Fail Any	HORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REF CHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING ensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR or r SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. O period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory perion ure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by status reply received by the Office later than three months after the mained patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	DATE OF THIS COMMUNIC 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a re od will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONI ute, cause the application to become AB	CATION.  Poply be timely filed  THS from the mailing date of this communication.  ANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status						
1)🛛	Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>13 July 2005</u> .					
2a) <u></u> ☐	his action is FINAL. 2b) This action is non-final.					
3)	·— · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					
	closed in accordance with the practice under	r Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D.	. 11, 453 O.G. 213.			
Disposit	tion of Claims					
5)	Claim(s) 1-19 is/are pending in the application  4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withden  Claim(s) is/are allowed.  Claim(s) 1-19 is/are rejected.  Claim(s) is/are objected to.  Claim(s) are subject to restriction and	rawn from consideration.				
Applicat	tion Papers					
9)[	The specification is objected to by the Exami	ner.				
10)🖂	The drawing(s) filed on 13 February 2001 is/a	are: a)⊠ accepted or b)□ c	bjected to by the Examiner.			
	Applicant may not request that any objection to the	ne drawing(s) be held in abeyan	ce. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).			
11)	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct The oath or declaration is objected to by the	,				
Priority	under 35 U.S.C. § 119					
a)	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign All b) Some * c) None of:  1. Certified copies of the priority docume 2. Certified copies of the priority docume 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority docume application from the International Bure See the attached detailed Office action for a li	ents have been received. ents have been received in Apriority documents have been eau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	pplication No received in this National Stage			
Attachmer	• •	. 🗖 .				
	ce of References Cited (PTO-892) ce of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)		ummary (PTO-413) )/Mail Date			
3) Infor	rmation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/0 er No(s)/Mail Date		formal Patent Application (PTO-152)			

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#### DETAILED ACTION

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#### Continued Examination Under 37 CFR 1.114

1. A request for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, including the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e), was filed in this application after final rejection. Since this application is eligible for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, and the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e) has been timely paid, the finality of the previous Office action has been withdrawn pursuant to 37 CFR 1.114. Applicant's submission filed on 7/13/05 has been entered.

### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

2. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.
- 3. Claims 1,2,5,8,9,10,12,13, and 15-17 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Lahey et al. (U.S. Patent No. 6,587,217 hereinafter Lahey).

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4. Referring to method claim 1 and computer-readable medium claim 9, Lahey teaches a method for network document processing, the method comprising:

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- a) activating an interface between a predetermined document processing device and a workstation by locating the predetermined document processing device and accessing the operational settings of the predetermined document processing device (see lines 15-31 of column 7 and lines 35-47 of column 8, wherein Lahey teaches selecting a specific printer and designate printing attributes);
- b) providing at least one user interface to a user at the workstation, wherein the interface allows the user to select the operational setting for the predetermined document processing device (see lines 15-31 of column 7);
- c) generating a document data file (see lines 15-31 of column 7); and
- d) communicating a location of the document data file and any auxiliary information to the predetermined document processing device, thereby activating a document processing job to be executed in accordance with any operational settings selected by the user (see lines 22-27 of column 6).

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5. Referring to claim 2, Lahey teaches activating an interface further comprises launching a document processing client in response to a document processing request by the user (see lines 15-31 of column 7).

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- 6. Referring to claim 5, Lahey teaches generating a document data file further comprises storing the document data file on a job file store (see lines 30-37 of column 12).
- 7. Referring to method claim 8 and system claim 17, Lahey teaches the document processing device is one of the group comprising: a printer, a fax machine, a multi-function peripheral, an electronic document management system, a plotter, a network fax machine, a language translation server and a knowledge management system (see item labeled 31 in figure 1 and paragraph bridging columns 4 and 5).
- 8. Referring to claim 10, Lahey discloses an software application for print processing (see lines 15-31 of column 7). This program is fully capable of being downloaded.
- 9. Referring to claim 12, Lahey teaches a network document processing system, comprising:

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a) a generic document processing client installed on at least one workstation connected to a network, wherein the document processing client is operable to interact with several different types of document processing devices (see lines 15-31 of column 7);

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- b) a job file store, operable to receive document data files generated by the document processing client (see lines 31-37 of column 12); and
- c) at least one document-processing device, operable to receive a location of the document data files and auxiliary information associated with each document data file from the document-processing client (see lines 7-18 of column 5).
- 10. Referring to claim 13, Lahey teaches the documentprocessing client is one of the group comprised of: a printer
  client, a fax client, an electronic document management system
  client, a language translation client, and a knowledge system
  management client (see lines 15-31 of column 7).
- 11. Referring to claims 15 and 16, Lahey discloses the job file is located on another device in the network and the job file store is a dedicated device (see lines 31-37 of column 12).

12. Referring to claims 18 and 19, Lahey discloses generating the document comprises generating a document data file based on the operational settings (see lines 14-17 of column 9).

# Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 13. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 14. Claims 3,4, and 7 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Lahey in view of Yokoyama (U.S. Patent No. 6,166,826).
- 15. Referring to claims 3 and 4, Lahey fails to teach activating an interface further comprises launching and retrieving web pages to display capabilities of the predetermined document processing device.

Yokoyama teaches, in an analogous system, activating an interface further comprises launching and retrieving web pages to display capabilities of the predetermined document processing

device, wherein the user interface is a web page (see lines 29-37 of column 9).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the applicant's invention to modify the system and method of Lahey with the above teachings of Yokoyama. One of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the applicant's invention would have been motivated to make such modification in order to be able to access the desired information with any computer with access to the internet.

16. Referring to claim 7, Lahey teaches the auxiliary information includes the operational settings specified by the user (see lines 25-27 of column 6), however Lahey fails to explicitly set forth the limitation that the auxiliary information includes the size of the file.

Yokoyama teaches, in an analogous system, the auxiliary information including the size of the file (see lines 20-25 of column 3).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the applicant's invention to modify the system and method of Lahey with the above teachings of Yokoyama. One of ordinary skill in the art would have been motivated to make such modification in order to be able to select files to be

printed based on the files attribute information as suggested by Yokoyama (see lines 26-37 of column 3).

- 17. Claims 6,11, and 14 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Lahey in view of Shima (U.S. Patent No. 6,552,816).
- 18. Referring to claim 6, Lahey fails to teach communicating a location further comprises sending a Uniform Resource Locator to the predetermined document-processing device.

Shima teaches, in an analogous system, communicating a location further comprises sending a Uniform Resource Locator to the predetermined document-processing device (see lines 19-40 of column 5).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the applicant's invention to modify the system and method of Lahey with the above teachings of Shima.

One of ordinary skill in the art would have been motivated to make such modification in order for the printer to be able to print documents from any computer with access to the internet.

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19. Referring to clam 11, Lahey fails to teach the computerreadable medium is a generic printer driver installed on each workstation of a network.

Shima teaches the computer-readable medium is a generic printer driver installed on each workstation of a network (see lines 37-59 of column 2).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the applicant's invention to modify the computer-readable medium of Lahey with the above teachings of Shima in order for to allow for each computer on the network to print to the network printer.

20. Referring to claim 14, Lahey fails to teach the job file store is located on the workstation upon which is installed the document processing client.

Shima teaches the job file store is located on the workstation upon which is installed the document processing client (see lines 37-59 of column 2).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the applicant's invention to modify the system and method of Lahey with the above teachings of Shima.

One of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the applicant's invention would have been motivated to make such modification in

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order for documents on the workstations hard disk can be printed.

# Response to Arguments

- 21. Applicant's arguments filed 7/13/05 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive. The applicant argues:
- 1) The prior art of record fails to teach the newly added limitations of activating an interface between a workstation and a document processing device by locating the predetermined document processing device and accessing an operation setting of the predetermined document processing device as required by claim 1 (see second full paragraph of page 7 of applicants remarks, similar arguments are reiterated at the second full paragraph of page 11, and the third full paragraph of page 12).
- 2) The prior art does not teach a document processing client... operable to interact with **several** different types of document processing devices (emphasis in applicant's reply).

As per argument 1, the Examiner disagrees. Lahey teaches locating a predetermined document processing device (see lines 35-47 of column 8). Lahey teaches the activated a drop down menu, can locate a desired printer from that list and select it,

then select the operational settings such as selecting the page layout, alignment, single-sided/double sided etc.

As per argument 2, the Examiner disagrees. Lahey teaches the document processing client is operable to interact with several different types of devices (see at least figure 5a wherein Lahey illustrates several different types of printers). The document processing client interacts, via the server, with each of the devices by being able to select different operation settings (listed supra) for printing. There is no limitation in the claim requiring a direct connection between the workstation running the client and the document processing devices.

## Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Eron J. Sorrell whose telephone number is 571 272-4160. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday 9:00AM - 5:30PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Dov Popovici can be reached on 571-272-4083. The fax phone number for the

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organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

EJS August 31, 2005

> KIM HUYNH PRIMARY EXAMINER